

[定積分:三角関数のべき乗] 4H2 前半

1. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

$$(1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin^4 x + \cos^5 x) dx$$

$$(2) \int_0^{\pi} \sin^6 x dx$$

$$(3) \int_0^{\pi} \cos^6 x dx$$

$$(4) \int_0^{\pi} \cos^7 x dx$$

$$(3) \ I = \int_1^e x \log x dx$$

[定積分:置換積分]

3. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

$$(1) \ I = \int_0^3 \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

$$(2) \ I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x + 1) \cos x dx$$

[定積分:部分積分]

2. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

$$(1) \ I = \int_0^1 4x e^{2x} dx$$

$$(3) \ I = \int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx$$

$$(2) \ I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{10}} 25x \sin 5x dx$$

$$(4) \ I = \int_1^e \frac{\log x}{x} dx$$

[定積分:三角関数のべき乗] 4H2 前半

1. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

$$(1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin^4 x + \cos^5 x) dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \cdot 1 = \frac{3}{16}\pi + \frac{8}{15}$$

$$(2) \int_0^{\pi} \sin^6 x dx = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^6 x dx = 2 \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{5}{16}\pi$$

$$(3) \int_0^{\pi} \cos^6 x dx = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^6 x dx = 2 \cdot \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{5}{16}\pi$$

$$(4) \int_0^{\pi} \cos^7 x dx = 0$$

$y = \cos x$  のグラフより 7(奇数)乗なので、

0 から  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  までの符号付き面積(+)と

$\frac{\pi}{2}$  から  $\pi$  までの符号付き面積(-)が打ち消し合う

$$(3) I = \int_1^e x \log x dx = \left[ \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{2} \int x dx \right]_1^e$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 \right]_1^e = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}e^2 \log e - \frac{1}{4}e^2}_{\frac{1}{4}e^2} - \left( \frac{1}{2} \log 1 - \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{e^2 + 1}{4}$$

$\rightarrow$   $\begin{matrix} \text{微分} \\ +(\log x) \end{matrix}$      $\begin{matrix} \text{積分} \\ x \end{matrix}$

$\left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \quad \int \frac{1}{2}x^2$

[定積分:置換積分]

3. 次の定積分の値を求めよ。

$$(1) I = \int_0^3 \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx$$

$$t = \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow t^2 = x+1 \rightarrow \frac{2tdt}{x+1} = dx \quad \begin{array}{c|cc} x & 0 & 3 \\ t & 1 & 2 \end{array} \text{ より}$$

$$I = \int_1^2 \frac{t^2 - 1}{t} 2t dt = 2 \int_1^2 (t^2 - 1) dt = 2 \left[ \frac{1}{3}t^3 - t \right]_1^2$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \left( \frac{8}{3} - 2 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{3} - 1 \right) \right\} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$(2) I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x + 1) \cos x dx$$

$$t = \sin x \rightarrow dt = \cos x dx \quad \begin{array}{c|cc} x & 0 & \frac{\pi}{2} \\ t = \sin x & 0 & 1 \end{array} \text{ より}$$

$$I = \int_0^1 (t+1) dt = \left[ \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$(3) I = \int_0^1 \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx$$

$$t = x^2 + x + 1 \rightarrow dt = (2x+1)dx \quad \begin{array}{c|cc} x & 0 & 1 \\ t & 1 & 3 \end{array} \text{ より}$$

$$I = \int_1^3 \frac{1}{t} dt = \left[ \log|t| \right]_1^3 = \log|3| - \log|1| = \log 3$$

$$(4) I = \int_1^e \frac{\log x}{x} dx$$

$$t = \log x \rightarrow dt = \frac{1}{x} dx \quad \begin{array}{c|cc} x & 1 & e \\ t = \log x & 0 & 1 \end{array} \text{ より}$$

$$I = \int_0^1 t dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[ t^2 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} (1^2 - 0^2) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-\pi}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \left( 0 + \sin 0 \right) = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{微分} & & \text{積分} \\ +(25x) & \searrow & \sin 5x \\ \rightarrow -(25) & \searrow & -\frac{1}{5} \cos 5x \\ +(0) & \leftarrow \int & -\frac{1}{25} \sin 5x \end{array}$$