

問 10.17 区分求積法を用いて $\int_0^2 x dx$ の値を求めよ。

$$\text{手順 1 : 分割の幅 } \Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{2-0}{n} = \frac{2}{n}$$

$$\text{一般項 } x_k = a + k\Delta x = 0 + k \cdot \frac{2}{n} = \frac{2k}{n}$$

$$\text{関数 } y = f(x) = x \quad \left(\Rightarrow f(x_k) = x_k = \frac{2k}{n} \right)$$

$$\text{手順 2 : 小長方形の面積 } S_k = f(x_k)\Delta x = \frac{2k}{n} \cdot \frac{2}{n} = \frac{4k}{n^2}$$

$$\text{手順 3 : 近似値 } S = \sum_{k=1}^n S_k = \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_k)\Delta x = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{4k}{n^2} = \frac{4}{n^2} \sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{4}{n^2} \times \frac{1}{2} n(n+1) = \frac{2(n+1)}{n}$$

$$\text{手順 4 : 面積 } S = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sum_{k=1}^n S_k = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2(n+1)}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2n+2}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(2 + \frac{2}{n} \right) = 2$$

問 10.18 次の極限の値を求めよ。

$$(1) \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n^2+1^2} + \frac{2}{n^2+2^2} + \frac{3}{n^2+3^2} + \cdots + \frac{n}{n^2+n^2} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{k}{n^2+k^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{nk}{n^2+k^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)}{1+\left(\frac{k}{n}\right)^2}$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{2x}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\log(1+x^2) \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} (\log 2 - \log 1) = \frac{1}{2} \log 2$$

$$(2) \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n^3} \left\{ (n+1)^2 + (n+2)^2 + (n+3)^2 + \cdots + (n+n)^2 \right\}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \left\{ \frac{(n+1)^2}{n^3} + \frac{(n+2)^2}{n^3} + \frac{(n+3)^2}{n^3} + \cdots + \frac{(n+n)^2}{n^3} \right\}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(n+k)^2}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{n(n+k)^2}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{n+k}{n} \right)^2 = \lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \left(1 + \frac{k}{n} \right)^2$$

$$= \int_0^1 (1+x)^2 dx = \left[\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} (1+x)^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{3} (2^3 - 1^3) = \frac{7}{3}$$